

Characterization of Functionalized Biomimetic Membranes: The **CNBT** and **AND/R** at **NCNR**

- The *CNBT* at the *NIST Center for Neutron Research*:
A research partnership in nanotechnology
- Tidbits of the *CNBT*:The consortium
 - Neutron scattering/diffraction: *The Advanced Neutron Diffractometer and Reflectometer (AND/R)*
 - MD simulations
 - NMR spectroscopy
 - X-ray scattering
- Technology focus: Membrane biophysics and beyond

CNBT

Cold Neutrons for Biology and Technology

funded by the NIH (IRO1 RR14812)

Tidbits of the CNBT

Neutron scattering
& diffraction: AND/R

X-ray
scattering

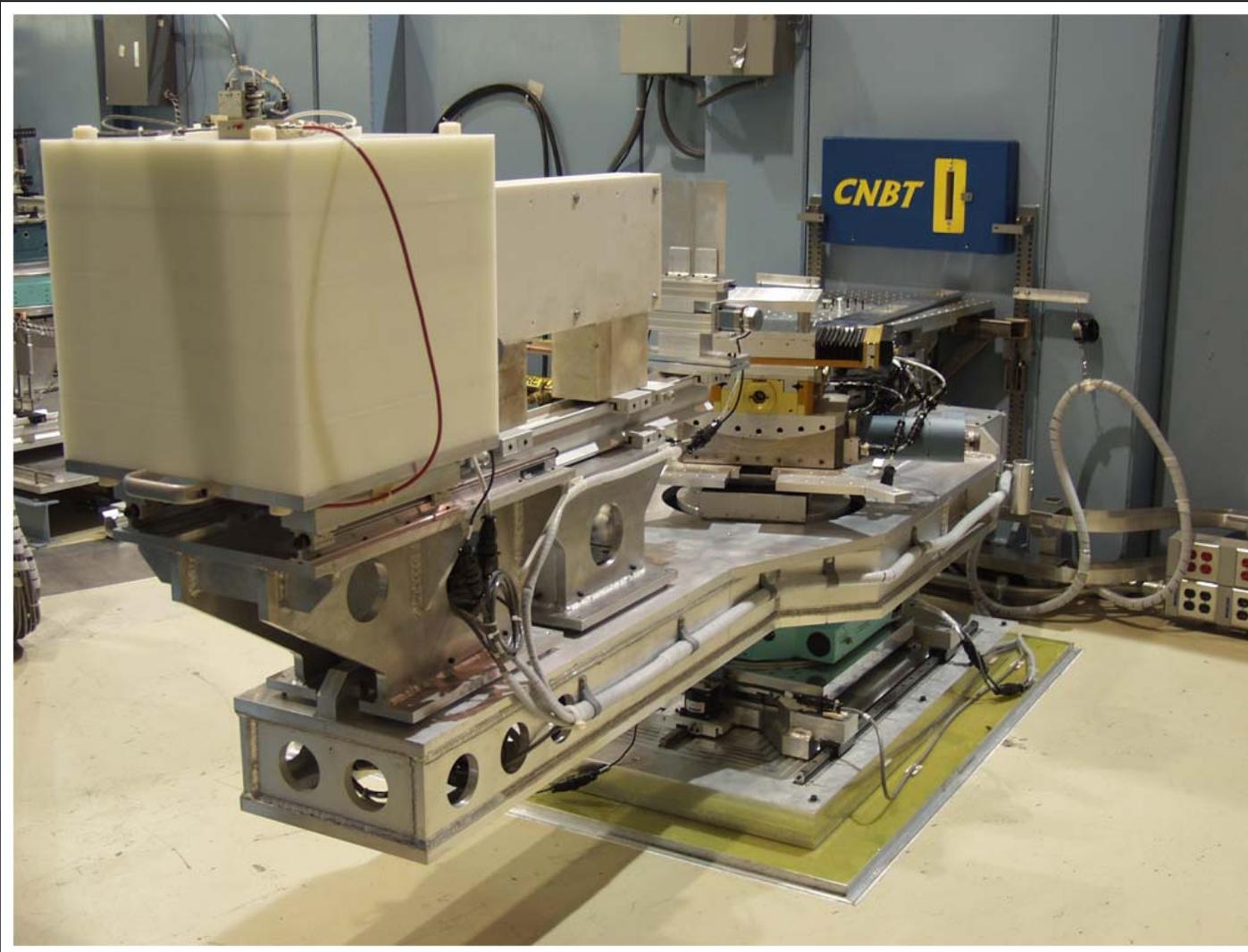
*Biomolecular interaction
with membranes*
→ *disordered
ordered structures*

*Biomolecular interaction
with membranes & interfaces*
→ *disordered or partially
ordered structures!*

NMR

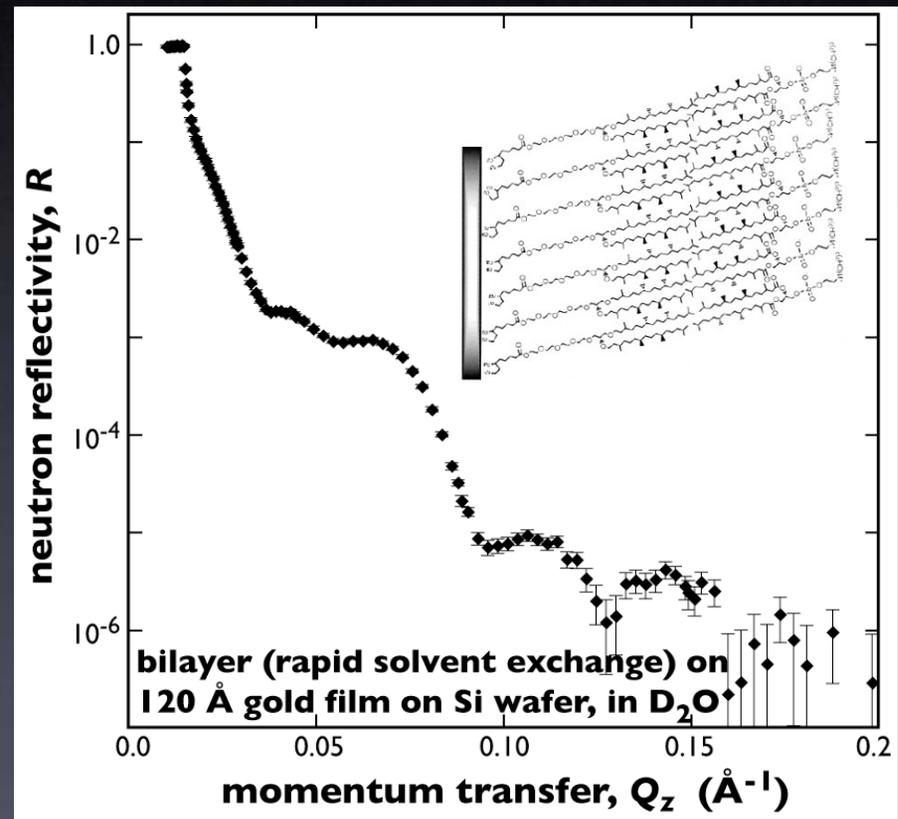
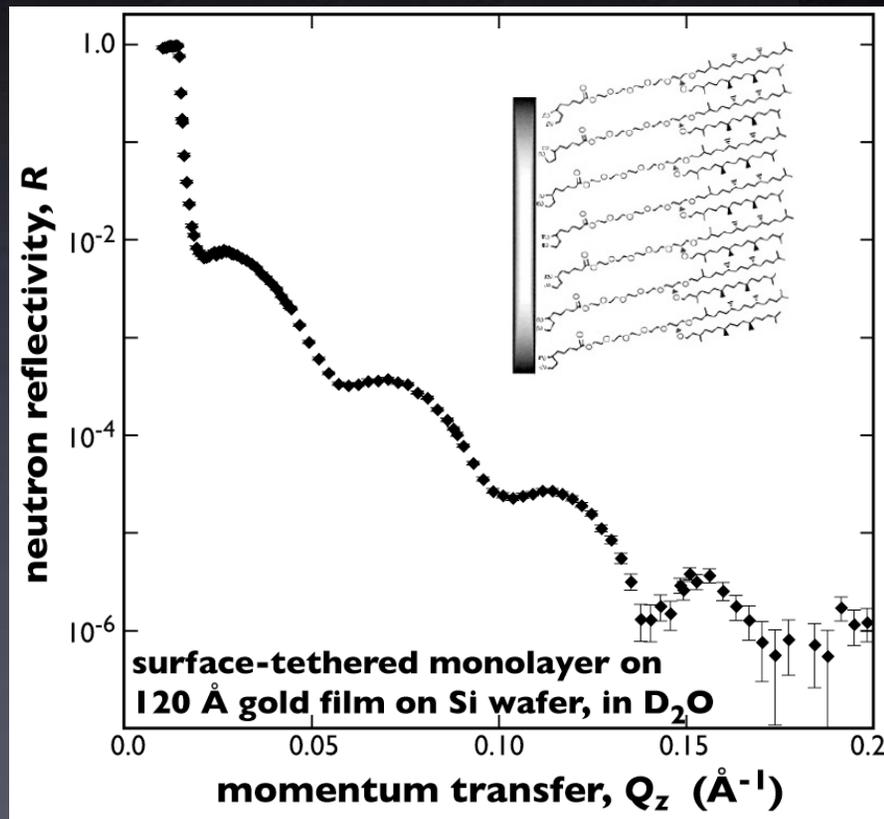
MD
simulations

Neutron Scattering and Diffraction



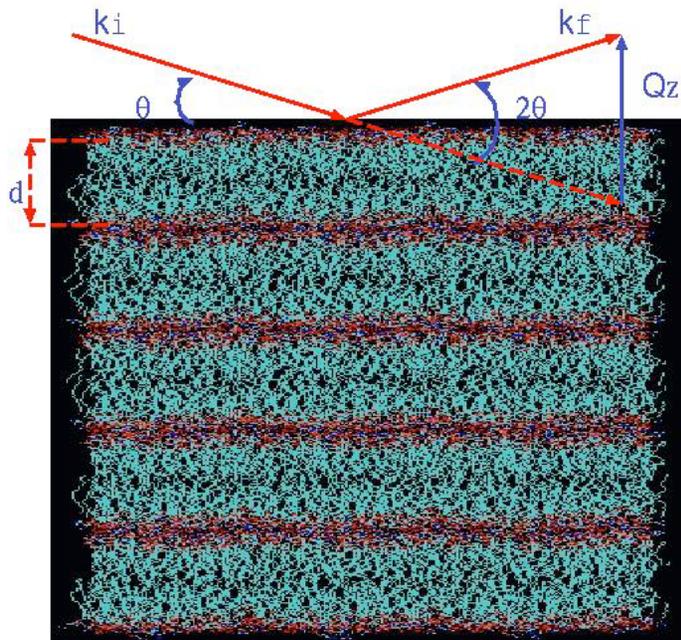
Neutron Scattering and Diffraction

tethered membrane systems – representative reflection results:

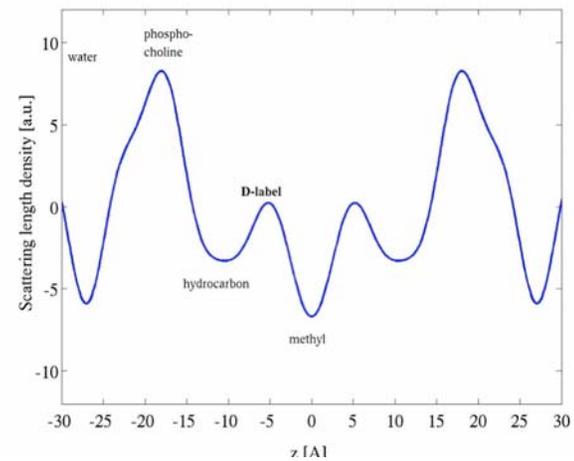
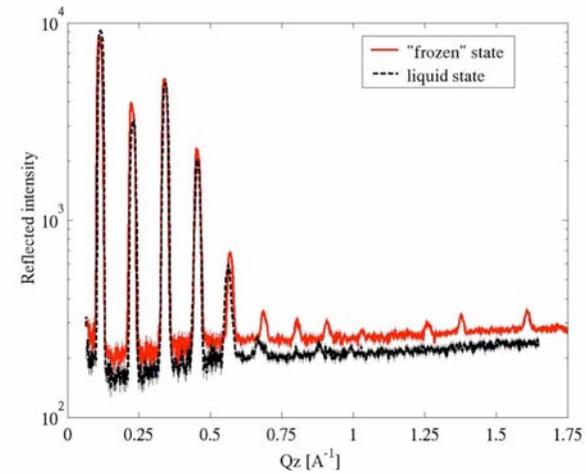


(collaboration with I. Köper, J.J. Kasianowicz in NSF-NIRT program)

Neutron Scattering and Diffraction

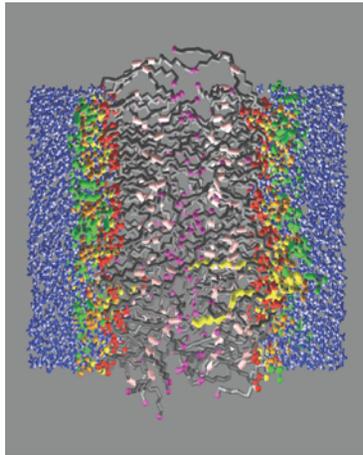


1D diffraction from multi-bilayer samples

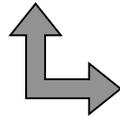


Molecular Dynamics Simulations

MD simulations & diffraction experiments:
teaming up to refine disordered structures in 3D

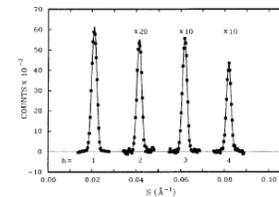
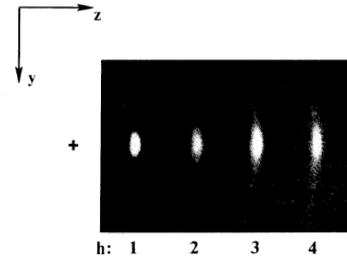
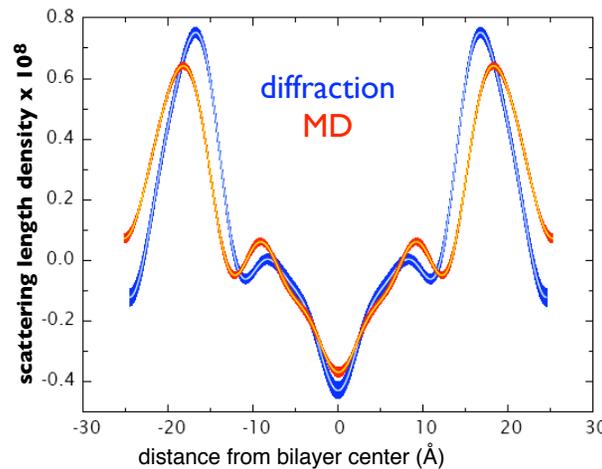


MD simulations:
all-atom phase trajectories

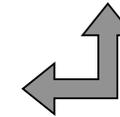


- 3D details to 1D structure
- predictions stimulate new experiments

$$\Sigma(z) = \Sigma_0 + \frac{2}{d} \sum_{h=1}^{h_{max}} F(h) \cos \frac{\sum_{z'} \sum_{z''} \sum_{z'''} \dots}{d}$$



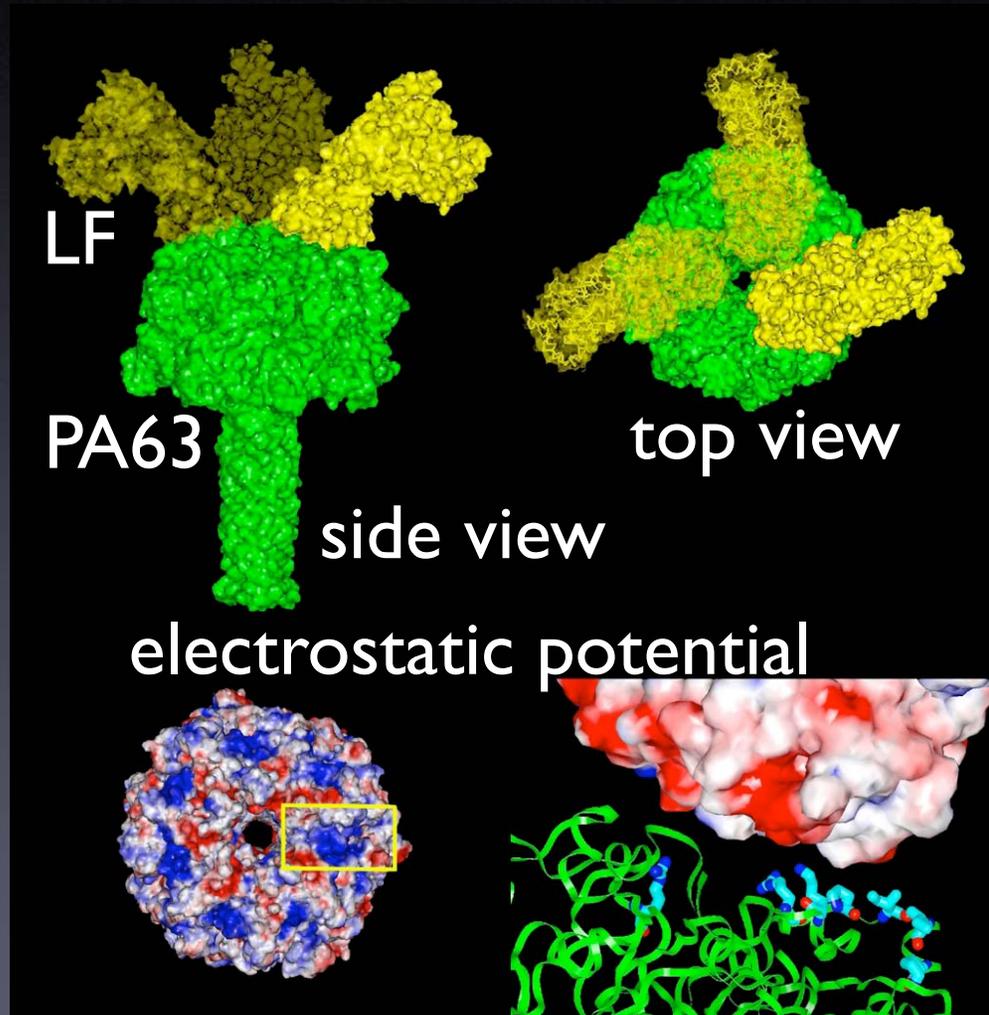
diffraction:
structure factor amplitudes



- validation & refinement of simulation methods
- data for restraint potentials

Benz, Castro-Roman, Tobias & White, BJ (2005)

Characterization of protein membrane pores (J.J. Kasianowicz)

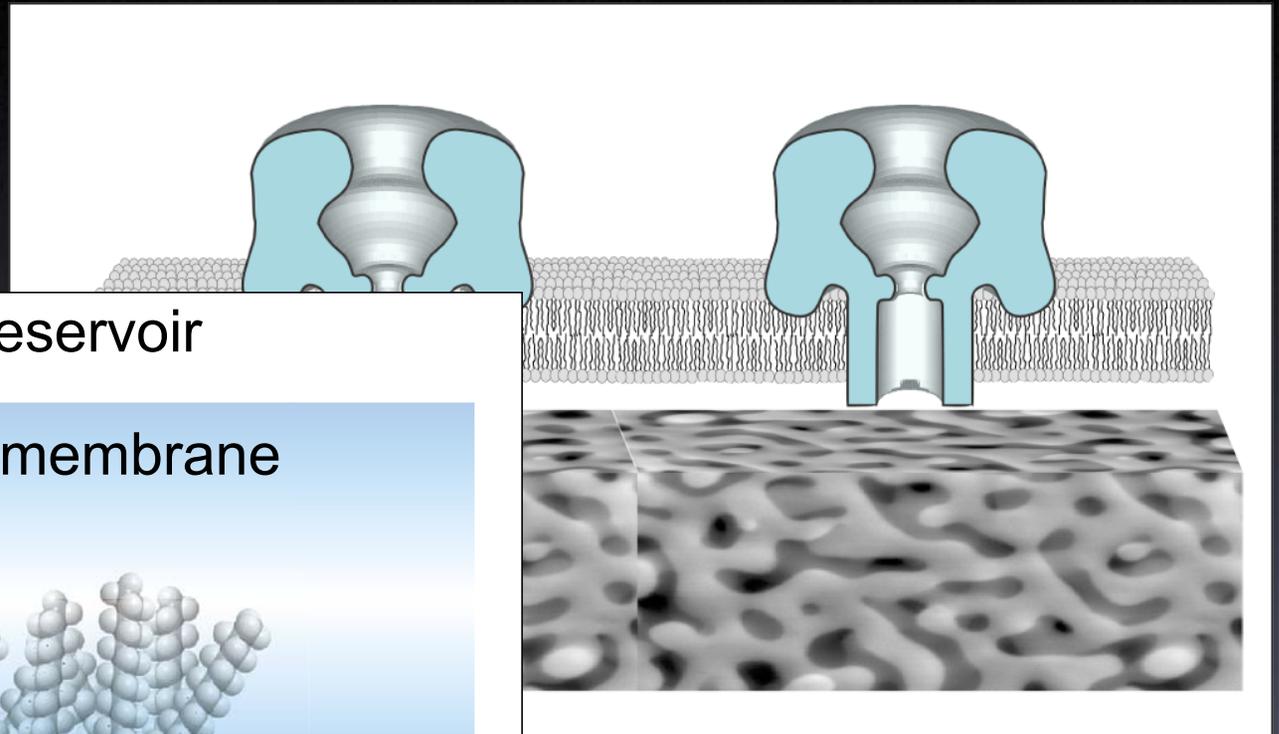


Halverson, Panchal, Nguyen, Gussio,
Little, Misakian, Bavari & Kasianowicz,
submitted to *PNAS*

goal:

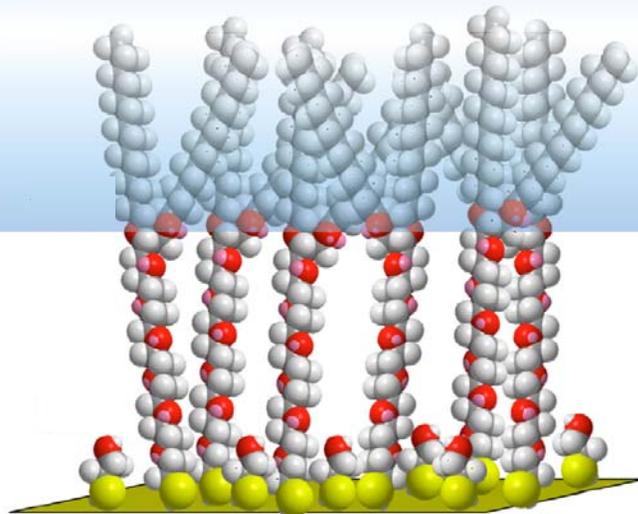
- incorporation into stabilized membrane systems
- as a basis for
 - molecular sensor systems
 - pharmaceutical screening

Tethered membrane systems for protein incorporation



aqueous reservoir

phospholipid membrane



gold film
(on Si)

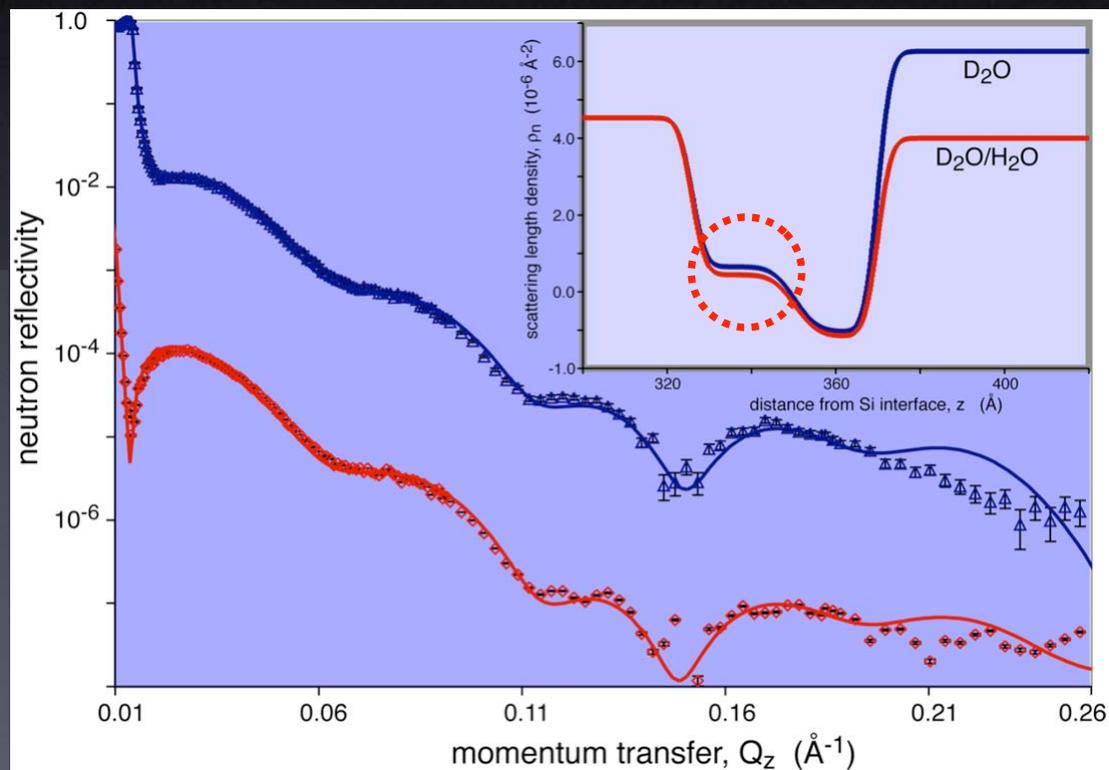
porous gold:
collaboration with J. Erlebacher
(Johns Hopkins) in NSF-NIRT

WC14:

A thiolated oligo-EG
dialkane for grafting on
Au surfaces (synthesis:
Vanderah et al.)

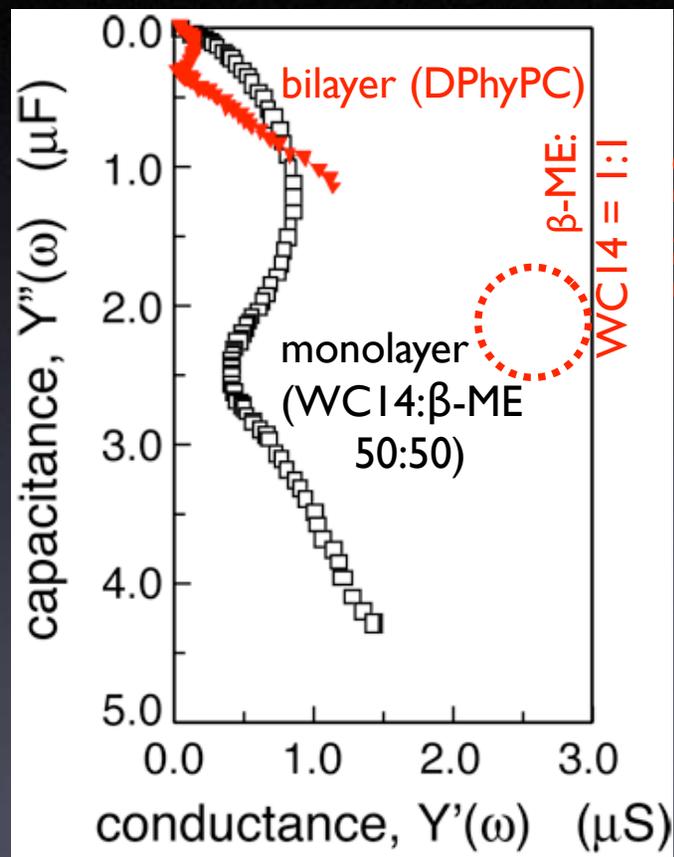
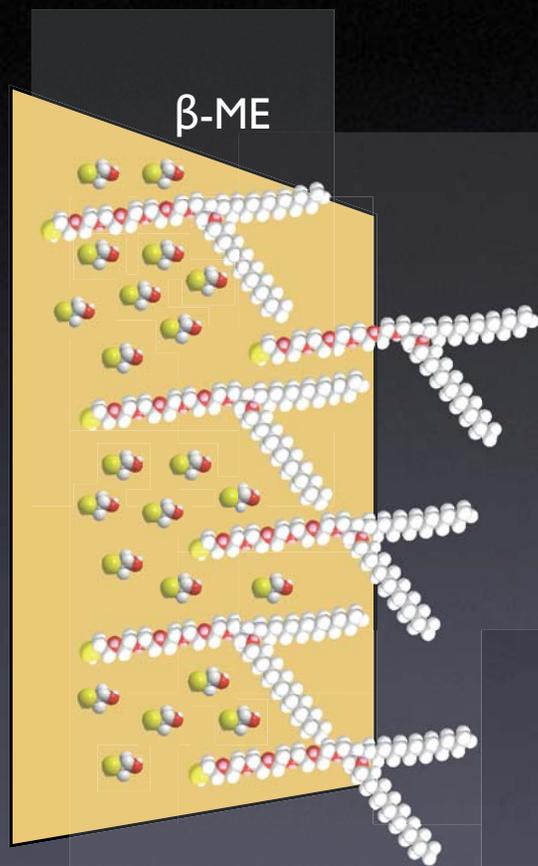


WC14 monolayer on Au (Si) under water



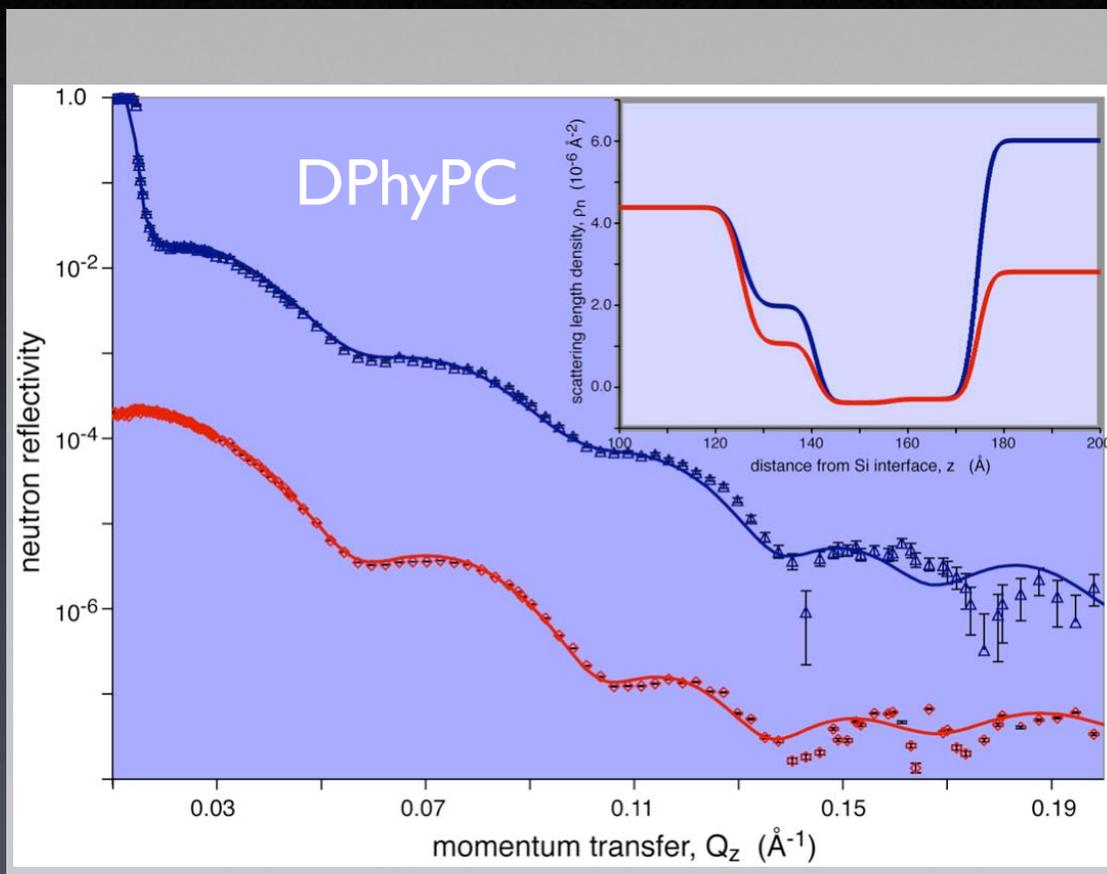
extremely dense alkane packing
< 5 vol% solvent in proximal space

Backfilling with Mercaptoethanol



- Y', Y'' of mixed monolayer \gg pure WC14
- Y', Y'' of bilayer (DPhyPC) based on mixed monolayer \sim as for pure WC14
- β-ME introduces solvent in proximal space

Backfilling with Mercaptoethanol



Conclusions

- Bionanotechnology – just as other areas of nanotechnology – requires multidisciplinary approach
- Central facility promotes collaboration synergies
- Neutrons indispensable tool for bio-derived nanomaterials
- New versatile instrument available at NCNR, the **AND/R**
- Artificial membrane environments will impact future sensing/screening applications