

## **Horizontal reflectometer:**

- one of the key instruments for surface and nanoscience
- needs beam with small height and small vertical divergence

## **Neutron guides:**

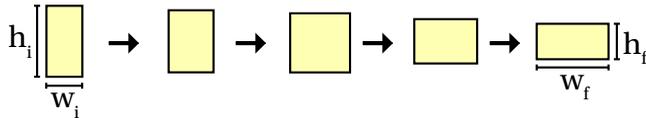
- have large height and small width close to the source
- cross-section needs to be transformed to small height for horizontal reflectometer

**An efficient transformation is a major problem!**

# Neutron guides with adiabatic shape transformation

## Existing standard »trumpet-shaped« rectangular guides

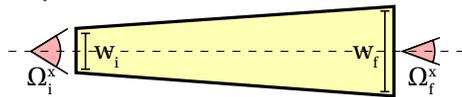
Change of cross-section:



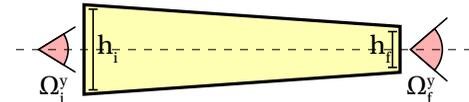
Linear transformation

→ no exchange between horizontal and vertical divergence as the reflecting surfaces are orthogonal to each other.

Top view:

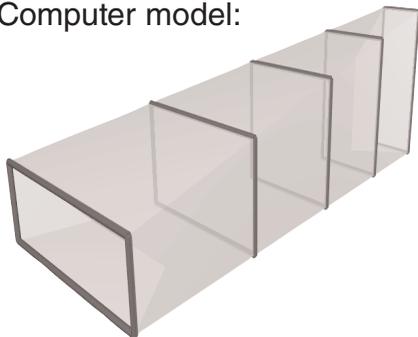


Side view:



$$h_i \cdot \Omega_i^y = h_f \cdot \Omega_f^y = \text{const} \leftarrow \text{Liouville's theorem!} \rightarrow w_i \cdot \Omega_i^x = w_f \cdot \Omega_f^x = \text{const}$$

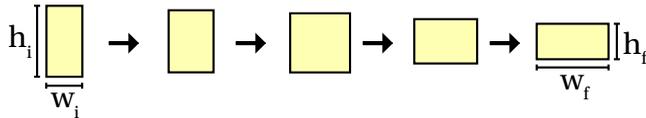
Computer model:



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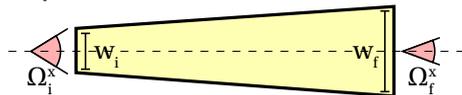
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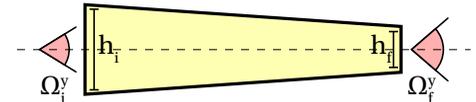
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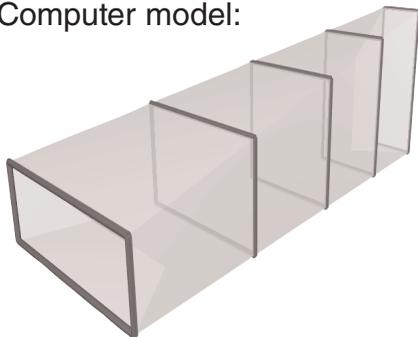


Side view:

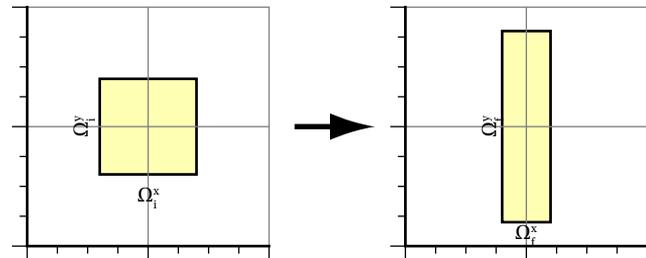


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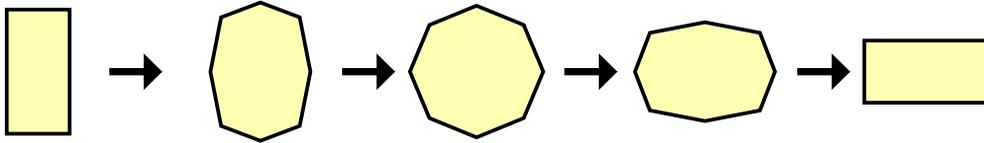
Resulting divergence distribution:



**Very unfavourable for a horizontal reflectometer!**

## Guides with adiabatic shape transformation

Basic idea: **inclined surfaces** make **exchange** between horizontal and vertical beam divergences possible (if the guide is long enough).



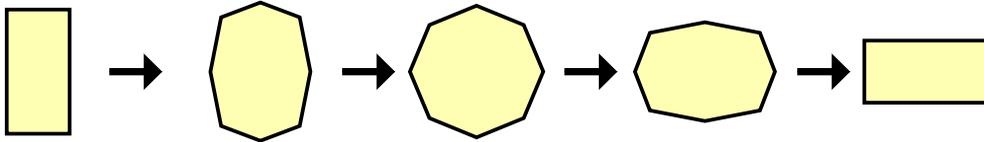
This continuous exchange leads to an isotropic divergence distribution perpendicular to the optical axis.

**How will it look like?**

# Neutron guides with adiabatic shape transformation

## Guides with adiabatic shape transformation

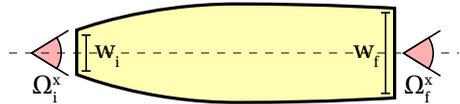
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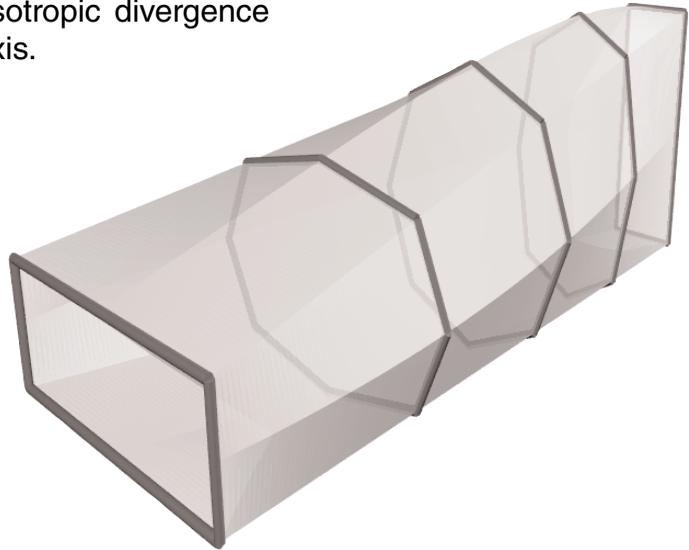
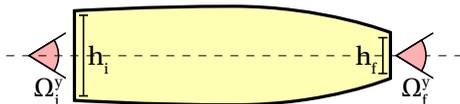
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## How will it look like?

Top view:



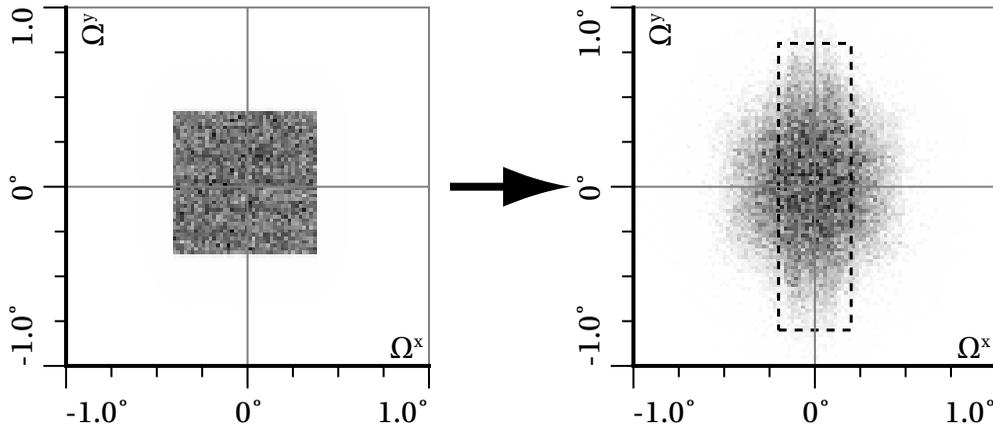
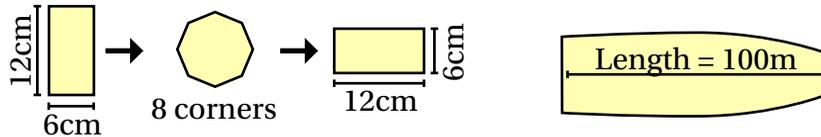
Side view:



# Neutron guides with adiabatic shape transformation

## Simulation results

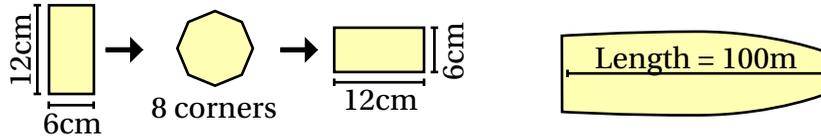
Monte Carlo simulations using McStas neutron raytracing package:



# Neutron guides with adiabatic shape transformation

## Results – Animation

Simulations using McStas neutron raytracing package:



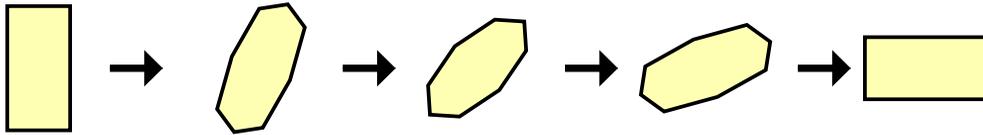
Cross-section (left)

Divergence distribution (right)



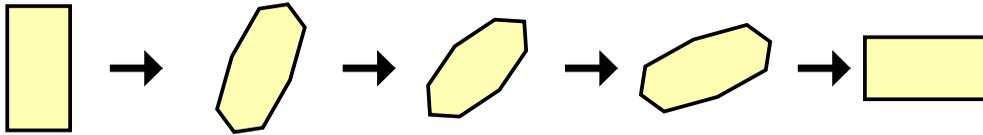
## Twisted adiabatic shape transform guide

One can improve results by introducing an additional “twist”:



## Twisted adiabatic shape transform guide

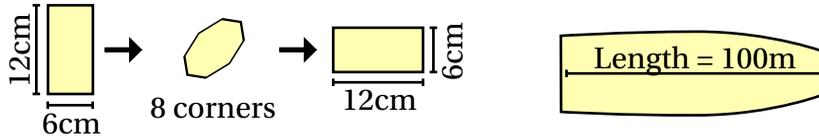
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# Neutron guides with adiabatic shape transformation

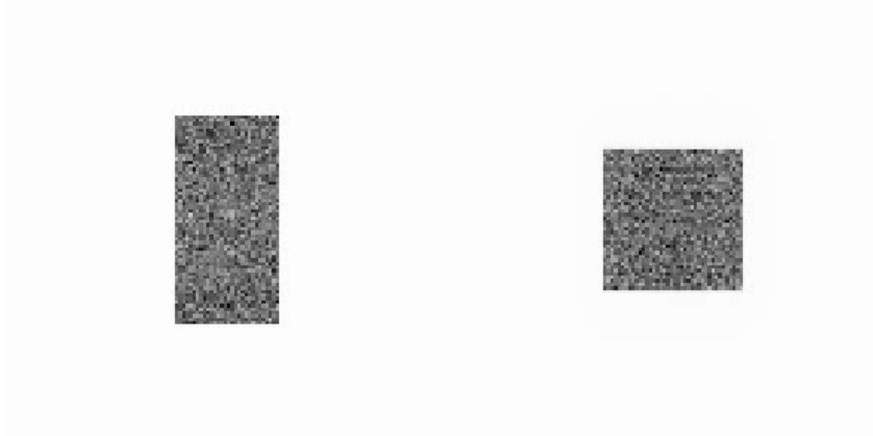
## Twisted adiabatic shape transform guide – Animation

Simulations using McStas neutron raytracing package:



Cross-section (left)

Divergence distribution (right)



## Summary

- Concept does work, vertical divergence can be reduced (gain up to 2.5 for small div.).
- Guide has to be long enough ( $> 70\text{m}$ ).
- Guide is difficult to build, but it is not impossible ( $\rightarrow$  bent supermirrors).