

SNS BL-12 TOPAZ

Single crystal neutron Time of Flight Laue diffractometer

Xiaoping Wang and Christina Hoffmann Neutron scattering Division

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SPALLATION NEUTRON SO

TOPAZ Instrument Team



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https://neutrons.ornl.gov/topaz

TOPAZ

A high-resolution single crystal diffractometer $Q_{max} = 25 \text{ Å}^{-1} d_{min} = 0.25 \text{ Å}$



Sub-Millimeter Sized Crystals

Diameter: 0.10 – 4.0 mm, Volume: > 0.1 mm³

Multiple Area Detectors

Solid Angle Coverage: 3.2 ster.

Detector 20 Coverage: 13.5° - 160°

Sample Environment

CryoStream 700 Plus: 90K – 450K Electric Field

Cryogenic goniometer 5K – 300 K (2020)

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Original Design

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Detector modules to be installed on the Detector Array Tank (DAT)





Data are recorded in neutron event mode



Zikovsky et al. J. Appl. Cryst. **44**, 418 (2011)

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Single crystal peaks on 2D detector space



CAK RIDGE National Laboratory

Single crystal peaks in 3D Q space



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TOPAZ Ambient Goniometer



- A two-axis goniometer
 - Omega, phi with chi fixed at 135°.
 - Both omega and phi are fitted with sliprings that allow unlimited 360° rotational motion.
 - The omega and phi rotation axes are separated by 45 degrees.
 - Sample mount

MiTeGen loop (1 mm ϕ)





Glued or Coated with perfluorinated grease



Glued onto the tip or inside a Kapton tube



TOPAZ Cryogenic Goniometer

One axis of rotation (360°) with precision motor controls to center, orient, and hold sample in temperature range 5 K - 300 K.



A video camera is mounted on the base of the DAT

Click-to-center of single crystal sample







Crystal Plan

- An experiment planning tool for time-of-flight Laue experiment
- User friendly GUI Interfaces
 - Maximize the use of available beam time and productivity
 - Capable of placing an individual peak on selected detector position

<u>r</u> ile <u>v</u> iew	<u>H</u> eip						
Q-Space	Detectors	Goniometer	Sample	Try an Orientation	Add Orientations	Experiment Plan	
The Crysta list of sam	I Plan applic ple orientati	ation is used to	o simulate	the coverage	of reciprocal s	pace of an ins	trument's detectors, given a





CrystalPlan – Peak Prediction and Placement

				0	Reflection Pla	acer		\odot
				This window allows you the given reflection on a	to find sample particular spo	orientation t on a detec	angles that ttor.	will place
•			Reciprocal Space 3D V	H,K,L of the reflection:	1 1		1	
	YYZZ			the an addition direct	in instand of a		_	
	Single Re	eflection Inf		Use an arbitrary direct	ion instead of a	adetectorr		
vpe in the H	IKL of the reflect	tion you want	to see, or right-click a	Detector name: 29				1
eak in the 3	BD viewer.			X,Y coordinates on the	detector face:	0	0	٦
Enter HKL:	1	1	1	or use the mouse to	set the position	n by clicking	g below	
-vector:	0.97. 0	.33. 1.0					-	
-spacing:	4.378 an	a.						
)ivergence:	0.300		deg half-width					
in angence.	C Show ogging	lont UKL clas	acy. nan-widen	N/A				
	Show equiva	lient HKL also						
Predicted: 1	Real Measure	ements: 0						
Follow 3D) window							
Display as:	○ Pixels	Spheres F	telative Size: —	Sample orientation Detection wavelength	Phi, Omega: on is possible? in Angstroms:	-50.9 deg, 9 Yes! 1.794	8.7 deg	
*			6 7 8 8		Add this orie	entation		OK
11 12	2 3	4 5	0 / 8 9	1				UK
40 .				Man calculation complet				
				Map calculation complete	e.			
		Sn:	Ilation No.	itron Source	o		1	

Predict and place a single-crystal peak on selected detector location





Reflection Placer for Cryogoniometer

		roots Help									13					
Q-Spa	ace [Detectors G	oniometer	Sample	Try an Orientation	Add Orientations	Experiment Plan			Reflection Place	er _ 0	×				
Select each or	the sai rientati	mple orientati on.	ions you wisl	h to use in	the experimer	nt, and the cri	terion for data a	cquisition at	This window allows the given reflection	you to find sample orient on a particular spot on a	ation angles that will place detector.		×	<u> </u>	Single Reflection Info	_ = ×
🕑 Us	se All	Highlight	ed Rows:	Use	Don't Use	Change S	topping Criteria		H,K,L of the reflec	tion: 2 0	-2			Type in the F	HKL of the reflection you want to see 3D viewer.	, or right-click a
	Use?	Phi (deg)		Stopping Criterion	Cr \	iterion /alue	Comment		Use an arbitrary di	rection instead of a detec	or?			Enter HKI:	0 -2	0
1	Х	92.00	proton ch	narge (pC)	5.0	-20	00Det49:omega		Detector name	10				Ciller HKL.	0.001.74. 0.00	1.0
2	Х	-88.00	proton ch	harge (pC)	5.0	20	Det29:020Det		Detector name:	18		14,1	4,114	Q-vector:	2.614	
3	Х	-90.66	proton ch	narge (pC)	5.0	20	0Det29:(020Det		X,Y coordinates or	the detector face: 35.2	-8.63			d-spacing:	3.614 ang.	
4	Х	8.02	proton ch	harge (pC)	5.0	00	2Det39:3.0-13.							Divergence:	0.300	deg. half-width
5	х	-171.92	proton ch	narge (pC)	5.0	00-	-2Det39:-177.5		or use the mou	e to set the position by c	icking below				Show equivalent HKL also	
6	Х	159.93	proton ch	harge (pC)	5.0	11	1Det20							Predicted:	3 Real Measurements: 0	
7	Х	-18.24	proton ch	harge (pC)	5.0	-12	L1Det59							As HKL 0,-	2,0:	
8	Х	56.30	proton ch	narge (pC)	5.0	-1-	11Det39							#0: 92.	0 deg as HKL 0,-2,0	50 50 50 50 F
9	Х	134.59	proton ch	harge (pC)	5.0	-1-	1-1Det39	6	-27.79, 71.02			_		Det.#:	19 X: -19.89 m 2 64 Å Y: 33.38 m	im +
10	Х	-119.89	proton ch	narge (pC)	5.0	1-1	L1Det20					14-1	121120		race Width: 2.40 m	ım
11	Х	36.05	proton ch	narge (pC)	5.0	1-1	L-1Det20					1400				
12	Х	-127.50	proton ch	narge (pC)	5.0	11-	-1Det39									
13	х	-167.85	proton ch	narge (pC)	5.0	-13	L-1De49							#1: 109	.7 deg as HKL 0,-2,0	+
14	Х	-69.16	proton ch	harge (pC)	5.0	22	0Det39							Det.#: :	29 X: -1.75 m	IM
15	Х	109.73	proton ch	harge (pC)	5.0	-2-	20Det39						Coverage:	WI:	0.99 A Y: 01.20 m mace Width: 2.26 m	im im
16	Х	-23.01	proton ch	harge (pC)	5.0	20	2Det29					mater 2	3143 reflections			
17	Х	157.08	proton ch	narge (pC)	5.0	-20)-2Det49					metry	Coverage of 71.3%:			
18	Х	139.39	proton ch	harge (pC)	5.0	0-2	2-2Det28		Measurement requ	ires the following sample	orientation:			#2: -39	.3 deg as HKL 0,-2,0	
19	Х	-39.32	proton ch	narge (pC)	5.0	02	2Det48			Phi: -166.6	deg	Auto	on 52.2% measured > once:	Det.#:	20 X: 65.25 m	um 🔶 🕇
20	Х	22.84	proton ch	narge (pC)	5.0	0-2	22Det18		Sample orier	tation is possible? Yes!				wl:	2.02 Å Y: 15.60 m	im ^I
21	Х	-156.73	proton ch	harge (pC)	5.0	02-	-2Det58		Detection waveler	igui in Angsuroms: 5.057					Haten Process	
22	Х	14.10	proton ch	harge (pC)	5.0	-20)2Det58									
23	Х	-166.63	proton ch	narge (pC)	5.0	20-	-2Det18			Add this orientation	n	12	3D Advanced Settings	Follow 3	3D window	
Dele	ete All	Delete	Highlighted	Dele	te Unused			Refresh List			ОК					
Estim	nated r	un time: 1.15	De+02 pC pr	oton charg	je, approx 00m	00s (at 1 MV	V accelerator po	wer).	Map calculation con	plete.		-				
Sav	ve to .C	SV file				Auto	matic Coverage	Optimizer								

CrystalPlan – Detector coverage



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Zikovsky J., Peterson P.F., Wang X.P., Frost M., Hoffmann C., "CrystalPlan: an experimentplanning tool for crystallography", *Journal of Applied Crystallography*, **44**, 418-423 (2011).



CrystalPlan – Detector coverage by symmetry

0			Cry	stalP	lan 1.2 - Main Wi	ndow			×	Reciprocal Space 3D Viewer
File V	iew	Tools Help								> X X Y Y Z Z 🤍 🖥 🚸 🔣 🖬 🔿
Q-Spa	ice	Detectors	Goniometer	Samp	ple Try an Orientation	Add Orientations	Experiment Plan			
Select	the s	ample orient	ations you wi	sh to i	use in the experime	ent, and the cr	iterion for da	ta acquisition at		
	se All	Highligh	hted Rows:	Use	Don't Use	Change Sto	oppina Criteri	a		13,-37,-24
	Use	? Phi	Ome	ga	Stopping	, c	riterion	Comment	4	13,-37,-12
-		(deg)	(deg	3)	Criterion	1	Value		10	
1	X	-168.6	137	.01	proton charge (pC) 4e+	12			
2	×	-114.4	-94	.01	proton charge (pc)) 4e+	12			
3	~	- 111.5	70 - 144	31	proton charge (pC)) 40+	12			
	×	- 55.7	25 -88	92	proton charge (pC) 4e+	12			
6	x	-42.8	34 36	.80	proton charge (pC) 4e+	12			1337.12
7	X	13.7	79 - 66	.60	proton charge (pC) 4e+	12			
8	X	70.8	39 94	.66	proton charge (pC) 4e+	12			
9	X	72.8	37 - 50	.16	proton charge (pC) 4e+	12			
10	х	111.0	95 3	. 47	proton charge (pC) 4e+	12			13 37 24
11	Х	20.4	19 87	.19	proton charge (pC) 4e+	12 0	20Det29		-13,-37,24
12	Х	- 50.9	92 98	.66	proton charge (pC) 4e+	12 1	11Det29		
13	Х	86.7	74 97	.69	proton charge (pC) 4e+	12			Mouse is over: hkl: -2,36,6
14	Х	34.1	13 115	.12	proton charge (pC) 4e+	12		110	Volume Coverage View Reflections View Coverage (w/ symmetry)
15	х	-20.4	13 76	.44	proton charge (pC) 4e+	12			Chamachick acades De divide Participante 1
16	Х	-3.6	00 11	.50	proton charge (pC) 4e+	12			Show which peaks: Predicted reflections Use Symmetry? Coverage of 100.0%:
17	Х	65.7	73 84	.37	proton charge (pC) 4e+	12			Color by: Predicted Measured I/sigl threshold 0.0
18	Х	83.6	56 127	.29	proton charge (pC) 4e+	12		v	Display as: O Pixels () Spheres Relative Size: O Spheres Relative Size:
Dele	ete A	I Delete	Highlighted	De	elete Unused			Refresh Lis	t	Show Slice Real-time update
Estin	nated	I run time: 7.0	600e+13 pC p	roton	charge, approx 20h	n 29m 48s (at	1 MW accele	rator power).		
Sav	e to	.CSV file				Au	Itomatic Cov	erage Optimizer		
Calcula	ating	-93.9 deg, 36	.4 deg						1	q 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 3D Advanced Settings

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Zikovsky J., Peterson P.F., Wang X.P., Frost M., Hoffmann C., "CrystalPlan: an experimentplanning tool for crystallography", *Journal of Applied Crystallography*, **44**, 418-423 (2011).



TOPAZ Live Instrument Data



Single-Crystal Diffractometer TOPAZ | BL-12 | SNS

Overview	Team	Capabilities	User Guidance	Live Instrument Data	Operating Status	Publications	Spec Sheet	Co
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Guest User | login

TOPAZ Monitor



220Det39

Proposal: IPTS-25682 Run: 38863 Status: Recording Count rate: 20567

Systems: Workflow

Last run: 38863 from IPTS-25682 created on Nov. 4, 2020, 7:45 a.m.

Signal/PV	Value	History Last Updated
LakeshoreSet1	300	Nov. 3, 2020, 9:30 p.m.
sample_ramp_rate	0.001	Nov. 4, 2020, 8:30 a.m.
sample_temp	299.998	Nov. 4, 2020, 8:30 a.m.

https://neutrons.ornl.gov/topaz

Key	Value	Last Updated
count_rate	20567	Nov. 4, 2020, 8:30 a.m.
has_states_count	0	Nov. 4, 2020, 8:30 a.m.
monitor_count_1	2620	Nov. 4, 2020, 8:30 a.m.
monitor_count_2	4867	Nov. 4, 2020, 8:30 a.m.
paused	false	Nov. 3, 2020, 4:42 p.m.
recording	true	Nov. 4, 2020, 7:45 a.m.
scan_index	0	Oct. 29, 2020, 10:23 a.m.
scanning	false	Oct. 29, 2020, 10:23 a.m.
system_dasmon	0	Nov. 4, 2020, 8:30 a.m.
system_pvsd	0	Nov. 4, 2020, 8:30 a.m.
total_charge	3.83415e+12	Nov. 4, 2020, 8:30 a.m.
total_counts	5.56735e+07	Nov. 4, 2020, 8:30 a.m.
total_time	2748.07	Nov. 4, 2020, 8:30 a.m.



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TOPAZ DAS OPI

https://status.sns.ornl.gov/dbwr/view.jsp?display=https%3A//webopi.sns.gov/bl12/files/bl12/opi/BL12_Main.opi



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TOPAZ Dashboard

🗧 🔶 C 🏠 🔒 status.sns.ornl.gov/dbwr/view.jsp?display=https%3A//webopi.sns.gov/bl12/files/bl12/opi/BL12_Dashboard.bob¯os... 🍳 🛧 🍡

EN



 Phi:
 0.000 deg

 Omega:
 -87.997 deg

TOPAZ Sciences

Chemical crystallography

- Structures of metal hydrides; Hydrogen bonding
- Discern the ordering and positions of neighboring elements

Diffuse scattering

- 3D reciprocal space mapping

Magnetism

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 Solve & refine magnetic and nuclear structures

• Event based parametric study

- Applied electric field

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Variable temperature
 Structural phase transitions
 Order parameters



Chemical crystallography

Transition metal-mediated dearomatization.

Opened pathways for a new generation of medicines and therapies that incorporate deuterium into the active pharmaceutical ingredient.



Neutron structure of a d_2 isotopologues of cyclohexene complex.



D14

C15

N5

B1

C14

H14A

15B

N7

C9

D15

H13B

C13

H13A

H12A

Single crystal neutron diffraction beyond three dimensions

Modulated crystal structure

$$\boldsymbol{Q} = 2\pi(h\boldsymbol{a}^* + k\boldsymbol{b}^* + l\boldsymbol{c}^* + m\boldsymbol{q}_1 + n\boldsymbol{q}_2 + p\boldsymbol{q}_3)$$



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https://docs.mantidproject.org/nightly/concepts/ModulatedStructure.html

Local order and magnetic structural phase transition

- Data measured on TOPAZ are used to describe simultaneous structural and magnetic modulations of Ni₂Mn_{1.16}Ga_{0.84}, a Magnetic Shape Memory Alloy.
- Both nuclear and magnetic structures can be refined in JANA2006



JANA2006 / 5M P2/m(a0r)00



Single crystal neutron diffraction beyond three dimensions

Modulated crystal structure

$$Q = 2\pi(ha^* + kb^* + lc^* + mq_1 + nq_2 + pq_3)$$

Multidimensional crystallography in parameter space

$$\boldsymbol{Q} + T, E, P, B$$



Reconstruction and visualization of real-time data



Temperature dependence of MAPbBr₃ (2 0 0)_C peak





B. Yang et al. Advanced Materials, 30, 1705801 (2018)

Experiment Log and Data storage

- Experiment information is available online Login with your user id and password: <u>https://oncat.ornl.gov</u>
- NeXus file format
 - A common data exchange format for neutron, X-ray, and muon experiments.

HDF5 format with domain-specific field names Can be used to store raw data and processed data

- SNS data are saved in event NeXus mode
- All experiment data are saved on a data server at a remote location, and available online at <u>https://analysis.sns.gov</u>



Data Reduction

https://analysis.sns.gov





Remote Analysis Service



Remote Desktop Capabilities

As a Neutron Sciences user, you can view, analyze and download your data from anywhere. You will be on a machine just like one you use in our Instrument Hall or Target Building. You can work with your data and use the Data Analysis tools provided. To get started using our webclient click the "Launch Session" button below. For more information about different ways to access your data, please see the "Connection Options" section below.



Actional Laboratory

TOPAZ Data Reduction





TOPAZ Data Reduction GUI

• The data reduction GUI will generate the configure file for TOPAZ data reduction

To start, Open in Terminal window and run **\$python3 main.py**

SNS/TOP/	AZ/IPTS-24	1887/shared	
	Name		
	💼 Re	ductionGUI	
	E F	Open	Return
	E F	Open In New <u>T</u> ab	Ctrl+Return
	•	Open In New Window	Shift+Return
	E :	Open With Other Application	'n
	2	Cut	Ctrl+X
	2	<u>С</u> ору	Ctrl+C
		Paste Into Folder	
	t -	Move to	
		Copy to	
		Delete Permanently	Delete
		Rename	F2
		Open in Terminal	•

			MainWin	wob		>			
lle									
Sample Information	Reduction Input	Peak Input	Anvred Input	Plotting Input					
Load Config File /SN	S/snfs1/instruments	;/TOPAZ/IPTS-	24887/shared/R	eductionGUI/LFP_5	K.config	Browse			
Instrument name					TOPAZ	-			
Experiment name					LFP_5K				
Molecular formula					7Li1 Fe1 P1 O4				
z					4.0				
Unit cell volume					288.36				
Sample radius(mm)					1.9				
Centering					Ρ	•			
Crystal system					Orthorhombic	-			
Point group					mmm	•			
			Write Configu	ation File					
		Run I	Reduction with C	onfiguration File					
			Stop Redu	ction					

National Laboratory

TOPAZ Data Reduction Program

There are three Python scripts for TOPAZ data reduction

topaz_reduction.py; topaz_reduction_combinefiles.py; and topaz_reduction_anvred.py

The python script for reducing multiple runs from scratch is *topaz_reduction.py*. The reduction script needs to run from the IPTS-xxxxx ./ReductionGUI subfolder:

\$python3 topaz_reduction.py xxxx.config

The reduction will perform all corrections, including tof spectrum, Lorentz, and absorption corrections The reduction script generates two hkl files, the one label _symm.hkl has outliers removed based on the Z-scores specified

The python script topaz_combinefiles.py is for recombining individual .integrate files:

\$python3 topaz_reduction_combinefiles.py xxxx.config

The python script topaz_anvred.py is for absorption correction if one wants to modify the sample radius, or change the absorption type from spherical to polyhedral:

\$python3 topaz_reduction_anvred.py xxxx.config



TOPAZ data analysis software



Workshop on Symmetry and Superspace Approach to Modulated Crystal Structures (Oak Ridge 2019)

A Virtual Tour of TOPAZ at SNS

https://neutrons.ornl.gov/virtual-tour



Thank you for viewing !

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Information for TOPAZ are available online at https://neutrons.ornl.gov/topaz

